

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

(ANSI Section 3)

Primary route(s) of exposure: Inhalation, skin contact, eye contact, ingestion.

Effects of overexposure:

Inhalation: Irritation of respiratory tract. Prolonged inhalation may lead to loss of appetite, mucous membrane irritation, fatigue, drowsiness, dizziness and/or lightheadedness, headache, nausea, coughing, central nervous system depression, confusion, anesthetic effect or narcosis, blood abnormalities, tremors, loss of consciousness.

Skin contact: Irritation of skin. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause dermatitis, defatting.

Possible sensitization to skin. Skin contact may result in dermal absorption of component(s) of this product which may cause headache, nausea, central nervous system depression.

**Eye contact:** Irritation of eyes. Prolonged or repeated contact can cause conjunctivitis, tearing of eyes, redness of eyes, severe eye irritation or burns, corneal injury.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause lung inflammation and damage due to aspiration of material into lungs, drowsiness, headache, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, gastro-intestinal disturbances, visual disturbances, central nervous system depression, intoxication, liver damage, kidney damage, pulmonary edema, convulsions.

Medical conditions aggravated by exposure: Eye, skin, respiratory disorders

#### FIRST-AID MEASURES

(ANSI Section 4)

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Restore and support continued breathing. Get emergency medical attention. Have trained person give oxygen if necessary. Get medical help for any breathing difficulty.

Skin contact: Flush from skin with water. Then wash thoroughly with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Dispose of contaminated leather items, such as shoes and belts.

**Eye contact:** Flush immediately with large amounts of water, especially under lids for at least 15 minutes. If irritation or other effects persist, obtain medical treatment.

**Ingestion:** If swallowed, obtain medical treatment immediately.

### FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

(ANSI Section 5)

**Fire extinguishing media:** Dry chemical or foam water fog. Carbon dioxide. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat or fire. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel long distances to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapors can form explosive mixtures in air at elevated temperatures. Closed containers may burst if exposed to extreme heat or fire.

**Fire fighting procedures:** Water may be used to cool and protect exposed containers. Firefighters should use full protective clothing, eye protection, and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazardous decomposition or combustion products: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, toxic gases. Propionaldehyde

### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

(ANSI Section 6)

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled: Comply with all applicable health and environmental regulations. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Spills may be collected with absorbent materials. Evacuate all unnecessary personnel. Place collected material in proper container. Large spills - shut off leak if safe to do so. Dike and contain spill. Pump to storage or salvage vessels. Use absorbent to pick up excess residue. Keep salvageable material and rinse water out of sewers and water courses. Small spills - use absorbent to pick up residue and dispose of properly.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

(ANSI Section 7)

prepared 12/05/01

**Handling and storage:** Store below 100f (38c). Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Keep from freezing.

Other precautions: Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not take internally. Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes, and breathing of vapors. Wash hands thoroughly after handling, especially before eating or smoking. Keep containers tightly closed and upright when not in use. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. Ground equipment when transferring to prevent accumulation of static charge.

### EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (ANSI Section 8)

Respiratory protection: Control environmental concentrations below applicable exposure standards when using this material. When respiratory protection is determined to be necessary, use a NIOSH/MSHA (Canadian z94.4) Approved elastomeric sealing- surface facepiece respirator outfitted with organic vapor cartridges and paint spray (dust/mist) prefilters. Determine the proper level of protection by conducting appropriate air monitoring. Consult 29CFR1910.134 For selection of respirators (Canadian z94.4).

Ventilation: Provide dilution ventilation or local exhaust to prevent build-up of vapors.

**Personal protective equipment:** Eye wash, safety shower, safety glasses or goggles. Impervious gloves, impervious clothing, face shield, boots.

#### STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

(ANSI Section 10)

**Under normal conditions**: Stable see section 5 fire fighting measures

Materials to avoid: Oxidizers, reducing agents, bases, isocyanates. Alkalis alkali metal, metals, nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, phosphorus, potassium tert-butoxide, mineral acids, sodium, potassium.

**Conditions to avoid:** Elevated temperatures, contact with oxidizing agent, freezing, sparks, open flame, ignition sources.

Hazardous polymerization: Will not occur

#### TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

(ANSI Section 11)

Supplemental health information: Contains a chemical that may be absorbed through skin. Contact with eyes may cause permanent injury. Notice - reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Other effects of overexposure may include toxicity to liver, kidney, central nervous system, heart, reproductive system.

Carcinogenicity: No carcinogenic effects are anticipated

Reproductive effects: No reproductive effects are anticipated

Mutagenicity: No mutagenic effects are anticipated Teratogenicity: No teratogenic effects are anticipated

### ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

(ANSI Section 12)

No ecological testing has been done by ICI paints on this product as a whole.

### DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

(ANSI Section 13)

Waste disposal: Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid discharge to natural waters.

## REGULATORY INFORMATION

## (ANSI Section 15)

As of the date of this MSDS, all of the components in this product are listed (or are otherwise exempt from listing) on the TSCA inventory. This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR (controlled products regulations) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

# **Physical Data**

# (ANSI Sections 1, 9, and 14)

Product Code	Description	Wt. / Gal.	VOC gr. / ltr.	% Volatile by Volume	Flash Point	Boiling Range	HMIS	DDT, proper shipping name
AHE59506BL 0	In-595, liquid nails adhesive and caulk stripper	8.34	945.72	96.70	above 200f	147-482	*310	compound, adhesive removing

# Ingredients

# **Product Codes with % by Weight (ANSI Section 2)**

Chemical Name	Common Name	CAS. No.	AHE59506B L0		
ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-, acetate	diethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	124-17-4	20-30		
1,2-propanediol	propylene glycol	57-55-6	10-20		
ethanol	ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1-5		
water	water	7732-18-5	20-30		
2-pyπolidinone, 1-methyl-	n-methylpyrrolidone	872-50-4	20-30		
polyacrylic acid 2-propenoic acid, homopolymer	acrylic acid polymer	9003-01-4	1-5		
octylphenoxypoly(ethoxyethanol)	polyoxyethylene alcohol	9036-19-5	1-5		

## **Chemical Hazard Data**

## (ANSI Sections 2, 8, 11, and 15)

		ACGIH-TLV				DSHA-PEL				S.R.	S2	62 (	00					
Common Name	CAS. No.	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	8-Hour TWA	STEL	С	S	Std.	32	33	- CC	Н	М	N	T	D
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate	124-17-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	У	n	У	n	n	n	n
propylene glycol	57-55-6	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	1000 ppm	not est.	not est.	not est.	1000 ppm	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
n-methylpyrrolidone	872-50-4	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	У	n	n	n	n	n	n
acrylic acid polymer	9003-01-4	10 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	5 mg/m3	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n
polyoxyethylene alcohol	9036-19-5	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	not est.	n	n	n	n	n	n	n	n

#### Footnotes:

C=Ceiling - Concentration that should not be exceeded, even instantaneously.

S=Skin - Additional exposure, over and above airborn exposure, may result from skin absorption. n/a=not applicable not est=not established CC=CERCLA Chemical ppm=parts per million mg/m3=milligrams per cubic meter Sup Conf=Supplier Confidential S2=Sara Section 302 EHS S3=Sara Section 313 Chemical S.R.Std.=Supplier Recommended Standard H=Hazardous Air Pollutant, M=Marine Pollutant P=Pollutant, S=Severe Pollutant Carcinogenicity Listed By: N=NTP, I=IARC, O=OSHA, y=yes, n=no

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